

$$\begin{matrix} & f(e_1) & f(e_2) & f(e_3) \\ e_1 & \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ e_2 & & & \\ e_3 & & & \end{matrix}$$

$$e_1 = (1, 0, 0) \\
 f(e_1) = (1, -1, 0)$$

$$e_2 = (0, 1, 0) \\
 f(e_2) = (1, 2, 3)$$

$$e_3 = (0, 0, 1) \\
 f(e_3) = (1, -2, -1)$$

voir chap II or  $(x, y, z) = x \cdot e_1 + y \cdot e_2 + z \cdot e_3$ .

$$f(x, y, z) = x f(e_1) + y f(e_2) + z f(e_3)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(x, y, z) &= x(1, -1, 0) + y(1, 2, 3) + z(1, -2, -1) \\
 &= (x, -x, 0) + (y, 2y, 3y) + (z, -2z, -z) \\
 &= (x+y+z, -x+2y-2z, 3y-z)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Ker} f = \{ (x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid f(x, y, z) = (0, 0, 0) \}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x, y, z) = (0, 0, 0) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x+y+z = 0 \\ -x+2y-2z = 0 \\ 3y-z = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x+y+3y = 0 \\ -x+2y-6y = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow z = 3y$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} x+4y = 0 \\ -x+4y = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow x+4y = 0 \Rightarrow x = -4y$$

$$f(x, y, z) = (0, 0, 0) \Rightarrow (x, y, z) = (-4y, y, 3y) = y(-4, 1, 3)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ker} f = \langle (-4, 1, 3) \rangle \quad \text{dim Ker} f = 1$$

$$* \text{Im} f = \{ v \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid v = f(u) \quad \forall u \in \mathbb{R}^3 \}$$

$$\text{Im} f = \{ f(e_1), f(e_2), f(e_3) \} \quad (\text{max de vect l.i.})$$

or d'après ci dessus

$$f(x, y, z) = x f(e_1) + y f(e_2) + z f(e_3) = (0, 0, 0) \Rightarrow x = -4y, z = 3y \quad \forall y \in \mathbb{R}$$

$\Rightarrow \{ f(e_1), f(e_2), f(e_3) \}$  n'est pas l.b.